

for R.H.

HATHOR



goddess of love, music, dancing and drinking

Meditation for small orchestra

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ORCHESTRA:

2 flutes marimba
2 oboes percussion
2 clarinets in B♭ strings
2 bassoons
2 horns

score printed in C
durata circa 20 minutes

HATHOR:

The Animated Soul (Bat), The Beautiful One in All Her Names, The Beautiful One Whose Attire is Attractive, Beautiful of Face, The Beautiful One in the Sanctuary-of-the-Beautiful-One, The Beautiful Siat (Thinker) for the one who follows Her Path, Beloved of the Gods and the Goddesses, The Brilliant One in the Sky, The Celestial Nurse, Chieftainess of the Gods, Chieftainess of Thebes, Daughter of Atum, Daughter of the Creator Who Came forth from His Body, Daughter of Ra, Distant Goddess, The Divine Cow, The Divine Female Falcon and Sovereign of Ta-Netjer, The Divine Mother, Eldest Child of the Aten, The Eye of Ra, The Eye of Ra Who Appears in the Place-of-Ra (Dendera), The Eye of Ra Who Appears in Her Sanctuary, The Eye of Ra Who is in the Aten, The Eye of Ra Who Takes Her Place in Edfu, The Eye of Ra in the Temple of the Sistrum, The Feline One of Women, The Female Falcon of Biga, The Female Solar Disk in the Eastern Horizon, The Female Solar Disk Equal to the Aten, The Female Solar Disk in the Sanctuary of the Beautiful One, The Female Solar Disk Who Shines in the Horizon, The Female Sun in Dendera, The Female Soul with Two Faces, The First Appearance at the Beginning, The Glorious One, Goddess of Foreign Countries, The Goddess of Love, Goddess Who Reigns in Punt, The Golden One, The Great Cow Who Protects Her Child, Great in Divinity, The Great Female Falcon, Great One, The Great One in Dendera, The Great One in Heaven, The Great One in Tarer, The Great One in the Temple of Purification, The Great Flame, The Great Menit in the Temple of the Menit Necklace, The Great Sovereign in the Land of the Living, Great Wild Cow, Hand of Atum, Her Majesty, Het-Hert the Great, Het-Hert Nebethetpet, The Honored One, Lady of Ahnas, Lady of Akh-isut, Lady of Amethyst, Lady of Byblos, Lady of Cheerfulness, Lady of Dendera, Lady of Djoser, Lady of Djoser/Djseret, Lady of Drunkenness, Lady of Galena, Lady of the Headland of Manu (the western mountain), Lady of Heaven, Lady of Ibshek, Lady of Iqen, Lady of Isheru, Lady of Lapis-Lazuli, Lady to the Limit (of the Universe), Lady of Mefkat (Turquoise), Lady of the Northern Wind, Lady of the Sky, Lady of the Southern Sycamore, Lady of the Tree, Lady of the Tresses, Lady of the Two Braziers, Lady of the Uterus, Lady of the Vulva, Lady of the West, Ma'at in Dendera, The Maiden, The Marvellous One Whose Rites are Magnificent, The Menit, Mistress of Acclamation, Mistress of Agny, Mistress of All, Mistress of All the Blessed Places, Mistress of All the Gods, Mistress of Ancient Times, Mistress of Anu in the Temple of Het-Hert, Mistress of the Beautiful Mound, Mistress of the Birth House, Mistress of the Cities, Mistress of the Country, Mistress of Cows, Mistress of Dance, Mistress of Dendera, Mistress of the Desert, Mistress of the Distribution, Mistress of the Divine Pavilion, Mistress of the East, Mistress of the Ennead, Mistress of the Evening Barque, Mistress of Exultation, Mistress of Fertility, Mistress of the Four Quarters of Heaven, Mistress of the Great Sanctuary, Mistress of the Fillet, Mistress of the Flood, Mistress of Heaven, Mistress of Heaven in Tarer, Mistress of Hetepet, Mistress of the Horizon, Mistress of Ichru, Mistress of Impetuosity in Iatdi, Mistress of Intoxication, Mistress of Joy, Mistress of Judgments, Mistress of Life, Mistress of Love, Mistress of Ma'at, Mistress of Malachite, Mistress of the Malachite Country, Mistress of Mefkat, Mistress of the Menit Necklace, Mistress of Music, Mistress of Myrrh and Sovereign of Punt, Mistress of the Names, Mistress of Nebekheh, Mistress of the Necropolis of the West, Mistress of Nourishment, Mistress of Offerings Amidst the Ennead, Mistress of Punt, Mistress of Qis, Mistress of Records, Mistress of the Red Headband, Mistress of the Two Lands, Mistress of the Sanctuary-of-the-Flame, Mistress of the Sanctuary of Women, Mistress of Sema-Behdet (Diospolis), Mistress of Silence, Mistress of the Sistrum, Mistress of Splendor, Mistress of Strength, Mistress of Temples, Mistress of Trees, Mistress of Terror, Mistress of Transformation in front of the One Who Created Her, Mistress of the Uraeus, Mistress of Wealth, Mistress of Women, The Most Glorious of the Glorious Ones, The Most Glorious of the Great Ones, Mother of Mothers, The One Who Accomplishes the Orders of the Barque of Netjer, The One Who Appears at the Hour of the One Who Gives Light, The One of the Beautiful Face Amidst the Ennead, The One of the Beautiful Face Amidst the Goddesses, The One of the Beautiful Face Whose Head is Lapis-Lazuli, The One of the Beautiful Face in Iatdi, The One of the Beautiful Face Whose Love is Sweet, The One of the Beautiful Face Who Penetrates the Orb of the Sun in the Sky, The One Whose Bosom is Glistening, The One of the Brilliance of Turquoise with the Four Faces, The One Who Came Forth at the Beginning with the Great Nun, The One Who Creates all Nourishment, The One Who Creates the Rays of the Sun, The One Who Defends Her Father from Those Who Rebel Against Him, The One Who Dispenses Commandments to the Ennead, The One Whose Effigy is Hidden Amidst the Ennead, The One Who Enlightens the Land and Illuminates the Rivers with Her Rays, The One Who Makes Egypt Green by Means of Her Scepter of Life, The One Whose Ennead Protects, The One Whose Ennead Surrounds Her Majesty, The One Whose Ennead is Behind Her, The One Whose Ennead Forms Her Entourage, The One Whose Eyes are Painted, The One Whose Face is Beautiful Amidst the Ennead, The One Whose Face Shines without Anger, The One Whose Faces are Numerous, The One Whose Favors are Great, The One Whose Fear that She Inspires is Great, The One Who Fills the Heart of Ra with Goodness, The One Who Fills the Sanctuary with Joy, The One Whose Fire is Great, The One Who Gives Sight to the Blind, The One for Whom the Gods Rise Early to Pay Hommage, The One Whom the Goddesses Acclaim, The One of the Happy Old Age, The One Whose Heart is Satisfied with the Blood of the Enemies, The One Who Inundates the Lands and the Rivers with Favors, The One Whose Image is Great, The One Whose Images are Hidden and Whose Manifestation is Sacred, The One Who Listens to Prayer, The One Whose Love is Great, The One Whose Love is Sweet, The One Who Makes the Ennead and Causes the Gods to Live, The One Who Nourishes Her Infant with Milk, The One Whose Numen is Great, The One Who Makes Beer, The One of Numerous Aspects, The One Who Penetrates the Orb of the Sun in the Sky, The One Who Places Love in the Hearts of Men, The One Who Protects the Infant in its Nest, The One Who Protects with Joy, The One Who Protects the One Who Invokes Her, The One Whose Power is Great, The One Whose Prestige is Great, The One to Whom Ra Gives His Royalty, The One Whose Radiation is Ample, The One Whose Representation is Great, The One Whose Respect that She Inspires is Great, The One Who Rises from the Primordial Waters to the Heavens, The One Who Rises in the Sky, The One Who Shines like Gold in the Sanctuary of the Golden One, The One Who Shines in the Sky, The One Who Spreads Love Throughout the Entire Land, The One Whose Statue is Sacred, The One Whose Strength is Great, The One of Sweet Perfume Amidst the Ennead, The One Who Takes Her Place in the Barque, The One Who Takes Possession by Force, The One Who Takes Wing as the Female Falcon, The One for Whom Women Play the Tamborine, The One Whom Women Rejoice to See, Powerful in Divinity, The Powerful One, The Powerful One in All Her Names, The Powerful One in Edfu, The Powerful One in Dendera, The Powerful One in the Divine, The Powerful One in the Land of Atum, The Powerful One of the Powerful Ones, The Powerful One and Queen, The Powerful One Without Equal, The Primordial One, Princess of Elephantine, Protectress to the one who invokes Her, Queen of Upper Egypt and Sovereign of Lower Egypt, Recorder Amidst the Ennead, Resident in the Land of Djadja, Sovereign of the Gods and the Goddesses, Sovereign of Goddesses and Women, Sovereign in the Necropoli of the Land, The Soul More Animated than the Powers, Sovereign in the Sanctuary of the August One, Sovereign of the Sanctuary-of-the Flame, Sovereign of the Sanctuaries, Sovereign in the Sanctuary-of-Repyt, Sovereign of the Sistrum in the Temple-of-the-Sistrum, Sovereign of Women, The Unique One (Het-Hert as the Uraeus), The Unique One in the Temple of Ma'at, The Uraeus on the Brow of Atum, The Uraeus on the Head of the Master of the Universe, The Uraeus of Ra in Dendera, Wandering Goddess

HATHOR

Adagio $\text{♩} = 60$

Goddess of Love, Music, Dance and (beer) Drinking

John Webber 200911

FLUTE I FLUTE II OBOE I OBOE II CLARINET (B \flat) I CLARINET (B \flat) II BASSOON I BASSOON II HORN (F) I HORN (F) II

TIMPANI

MARIMBA

CYMBALS CLAVES CASTANET GOURD TAMBOURINE WIND CHIMES SLEIGH BELLS TRIANGLE

Violins I Violins II Violas Cellos Double Basses

9

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Cl I

Cl II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

9

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

5

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

pp

arco

3 5

mf

p

3 5

mf

pp

mf

p

16

Fl I Fl II Ob I Ob II Cl I Cl II Bs I BS II Hn I Hn II

Timp. Mrb.

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

21

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

21

p

pp

pp

21

p

pp

pp

28

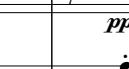
Fl I 

Fl II 

Ob I 

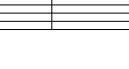
Ob II 

Ci I 

Ci II 

Bs I 

BS II 

Hn I 

Hn II 

Timp. 

Mrb. 

Cym. 

Cl. 

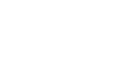
Cast. 

Grd. 

Tamb. 

W. Ch. 

Sl. B. 

Tri. 

28

VL I 

VL II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

D.B. 

35

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

35

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

40

FII FII
Ob I Ob II
Cl I Cl II
Bs I Bs II
Hn I Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

40

VL I VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

46

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The top five staves represent woodwind instruments: Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Clarinet I, Clarinet II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II, Horn I, and Horn II. The middle section contains two staves for Bassoon I and Bassoon II. The bottom section contains six staves: Cymbals, Triangle, Castanets, Tambourine, Woodblock, and Double Bass. Measures 46 through 50 are shown. In the first few measures, the woodwinds play short notes or rests. At measure 46, the woodwinds begin to play more consistently, with woodwind entries every two measures. The bassoon parts are more prominent in the middle section. The bottom section remains mostly silent until measure 46, where the strings and double bass begin to play sustained notes. Dynamic markings include *mf*, *p*, and a 3/5 time signature. Measure 50 concludes with a final dynamic *p*.

52

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

58

Fl I - - - - - - -

Fl II - - - - - - -

Ob I - - - - - - -

Ob II - - - - - - -

Ci I - - - - - - -

Ci II - - - - - - -

Bs I - - - - - - -

BS II - - - - - - -

Hn I - - - - - - -

Hn II - - - - - - -

58

Timp. - - - - - - -

Mrb. - - - - - - -

Cym. - - - - - - -

Cl. - - - - - - -

Cast. - - - - - - -

Grd. - - - - - - -

Tamb. - - - - - - -

W. Ch. - - - - - - -

Sl. B. - - - - - - -

Tri. - - - - - - -

58

VL I p - - - - - -

VL II p - - - - - -

Vla. p - - - - - -

Vc. p - - - - - -

D.B. p - - - - - -

meno $\text{d} = 50$

Fl I

Fl II

p

Ob I

Ob II

Ci I

Ci II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

Timp.

61

Mrb.

p

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

meno $\text{d} = 50$

VL I

VL II

pizz.

Vla.

Vc.

pizz.

D.B.

pp

pizz.

pizz.

p

61

Fl I Fl II Ob I Ob II Cl I Cl II Bs I BS II Hn I Hn II

Tim. Mrb.

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

70

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

70

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

74

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II *pp*
Hn I *pp*
Hn II *pp*

74

Timp. *mf*
Mrb. *f* 5 *p*

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

74

VL I *p*
VL II *p*
Vla.
Vc. *pizz.*
D.B. *p*

79

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Cl I

Cl II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

79

Tim.

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

79

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

p

p

p

p

p

mf

f

pizz. arco

pizz. pp arco

pp

pp arco

pp arco

pp

meno $\text{♩} = 40$

83

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.

p

pp

pp

pp

83

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

83

meno $\text{♩} = 40$

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

pp

pp

pp

89

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

89

Tim.

Mrb.

mp

3

3

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

89

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

ppp

ppp

ppp

meno $\text{♩} = 30$

95

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

meno $\text{♩} = 30$

95

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

Tempo I ♩ = 60

101

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

101

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

Tempo I ♩ = 60

101

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

107

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

107

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

107

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

112

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

112

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

112

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

116

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.

Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

Dynamics and performance instructions:

- Measures 116-117: Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Horns play eighth-note patterns at **ppp**, transitioning to **pp**. Timpani plays eighth-note patterns at **ppp**, transitioning to **pp**.
- Measure 117: Marimba plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Cymbals play eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Clarinet (Cl.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Bassoon (Bassoon) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Trombone (Tromb.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Tambourine (Tamb.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Woodwind Chorus (W. Ch.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Snare Drum (Sl. B.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Triangle (Tri.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Double Bass (D.B.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**.
- Measure 117: Violin I (VL I) and Violin II (VL II) play sixteenth-note patterns at **p**, transitioning to **pizz.**
- Measure 117: Viola (Vla.) plays eighth-note patterns at **pp**, transitioning to **mp**, then **pp**, followed by **pizz.**
- Measure 117: Cello (Vc.) plays eighth-note patterns at **pp**, transitioning to **mp**, then **pp**, followed by **pizz.**
- Measure 117: Double Bass (D.B.) plays eighth-note patterns at **p**, transitioning to **pp**.

121

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
121
Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

121

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
121
Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

125

Fl I *ppp*

Fl II *ppp*

Ob I *ppp*

Ob II *ppp*

Ci I *ppp*

Ci II

Bs I *ppp*

BS II

Hn I *ppp*

Hn II *ppp*

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

125

VL I *mp*

VL II arco

Vla. *mp*

Vc. arco

D.B.

136

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

136

p
pp

arco
pizz.

pizz.

143

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bsl I
Bsl II
Hn I
Hn II

143

Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

143

Vl I
Vl II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

Detailed description: The musical score consists of four systems of music. System 1 (top) includes parts for Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Clarinet I, Clarinet II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II, and Horn I, II. System 2 (second from top) includes parts for Timpani, Marimba, Cymbals, Clarinet, Bassoon, Castanets, Tambourine, Woodblock, Snare Drum, and Triangle. System 3 (third from top) includes parts for Trombone I, Trombone II, Trombone Bass, and Trombone Bass Bass. System 4 (bottom) includes parts for Violin I, Violin II, Cello, and Double Bass. Measure 143 starts with rests for most instruments. In System 2, the Marimba and Cymbals play eighth-note patterns. In System 3, the Trombones play eighth-note patterns. In System 4, the Double Bass plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 144-145 show more active playing, particularly for the brass and woodwind sections.

150

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

Vl I
Vl II
Vla. pizz.
Vc.
D.B.

157

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

157

Timp.
Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

157

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

Detailed description: The musical score consists of five systems of staves. System 1 (Measures 157-158) includes Flute I & II, Oboe I & II, Clarinet I & II, Bassoon I & II, and Horn I & II. Flute II and Oboe I are silent. Measure 157 has dynamic p. Measures 157-158 show various sixteenth-note patterns. System 2 (Measures 157-158) includes Timpani and Tuba/Bassoon. Timpani has dynamic mf. Measures 157-158 show eighth-note patterns. System 3 (Measures 157-158) includes Cymbal, Triangle, Castanets, Granulated, Tambourine, Woodblock, Snare Drum, and Triangle. Measures 157-158 show sixteenth-note patterns. System 4 (Measures 157-158) includes Violin I & II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass. Violin II has dynamic pp. Measures 157-158 show sixteenth-note patterns.

165

Fl I Fl II Ob I Ob II Cl I Cl II Bs I BS II Hn I Hn II

Tim. Mrb.

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

177

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Ci I

Ci II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

Timp.

177

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

This page contains measures 177 and 178 of a musical score. The instrumentation includes Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Clarinet I, Clarinet II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II, Horn I, Horn II, Timpani, Marimba, Cymbals, Clarinet, Castanets, Granulated, Tambourine, Woodwind Chorus, Slap Bass, Triangle, Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, and Double Bassoon. Measure 177 features sustained notes and rhythmic patterns like sixteenth-note figures. Measure 178 continues the musical line with similar patterns. Measures 179 through 182 are blank staves.

180

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
180
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

184 *meno* $\text{♩} = 30$

Fl I
Fl II *pp*
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I *mf*
Hn II

Timp.

This section of the score features woodwind instruments (Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Clarinet I, Clarinet II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II) and brass instruments (Horn I, Horn II). The woodwinds play eighth-note patterns, while the brass provide harmonic support. The dynamic is marked as *meno* with a tempo of $\text{♩} = 30$. The bassoon parts are mostly rests.

184

Mrb.

The Marimba part consists of a single melodic line with quarter notes and rests, set against a background of sustained chords from the brass section.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

Percussion instruments include Cymbals, Triangle, Castanets, Granulated (Grd.), Tambourine, Woodblock (W. Ch.), Snare Drum (Sl. B.), and Bass Drum (Tri.). They provide rhythmic support with sustained notes and occasional strikes.

184 *meno* $\text{♩} = 30$

VL I
VL II *pp*
Unis.
Vla. *pp*
Vcl. *pizz.*
D.B. *pizz.*
Vcl. *pp*

The strings (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, Double Bass) play eighth-note patterns. The Double Basses play pizzicato. The dynamic is *meno* at $\text{♩} = 30$. The violins play eighth-note patterns, while the viola, cello, and double bass provide harmonic support.

Tempo I ♩ = 60

188

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.

This section shows measures 188 through 192. The woodwind section (Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoons) play eighth-note patterns. The brass section (Horns) enters in measure 190. The timpani and marimba provide rhythmic support throughout the section.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

This section shows measures 193 through 197. The cymbals, claves, castanets, and triangles provide rhythmic patterns. The bassoon (Grd.) has a sustained note in measure 194. The triangle (Tri.) has a sustained note in measure 195.

188

Tempo I ♩ = 60

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

This section shows measures 198 through 202. The strings play eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is marked *pp* (pianissimo) in measure 200. The double bass (D.B.) has a sustained note in measure 201.

193

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.



197

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

202

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

207

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

211

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

Mrb.

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

215

Mrb.

Cym. Cl. Cast. Grd. Tamb. W. Ch. Sl. B. Tri.

VL I VL II Vla. Vc. D.B.

meno $\text{♩} = 50$

218

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
mp
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

Timp.

This section of the score shows measures 218 for various woodwind and brass instruments. The woodwinds (Flute I & II, Oboe I & II, Clarinet I & II) play sustained notes. The brass (Bassoon I & II, Horn I & II) play rhythmic patterns. The timpani (Timp.) also plays a rhythmic pattern. The tempo is marked as *meno* with $\text{♩} = 50$.

Mrb.
ff

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

meno $\text{♩} = 50$

218

This section of the score shows measures 218 for various percussion instruments. The marimba (Mrb.) plays a prominent rhythmic pattern at *ff*. The cymbals (Cym.), triangles (Tri.), and snare drum (Sl. B.) provide rhythmic support. The tempo is marked as *meno* with $\text{♩} = 50$.

Vl I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

pizz.
pp
pizz.
pp
pizz.
pp

218

This section of the score shows measures 218 for the string section. The violins (Vl I & II) play sustained notes. The viola (Vla.) and cello (Vc.) play rhythmic patterns with pizzicato (pizz.) and piano (pp) dynamics. The double bass (D.B.) provides harmonic support. The tempo is marked as *meno* with $\text{♩} = 50$.

223

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Ci I

Ci II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

223

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

223

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

This page contains ten staves of musical notation. The top five staves represent woodwind and brass instruments: Flute I & II, Oboe I & II, Clarinet I & II, Bassoon I & II, and Tuba. The middle five staves represent percussion instruments: Cymbals, Triangle, Castanets, Tambourine, and Snare Drum. The bottom five staves represent string instruments: Violin I & II, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, and Double Bassoon. Measure 11 is labeled with the dynamic '223'. Measures 12 through 15 feature a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes in the woodwind section, while the brass and percussion remain silent. Measures 16 through 20 show sustained notes or chords from the brass and percussion sections, while the woodwinds and strings provide harmonic support.

228

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Ci I

Ci II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

228

Tim.

Mrb.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

228

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

231

Tempo I ♩ = 60

pp 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pizz. 5 5

pizz.

pizz.

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

234

p

5 5 5 5

5 5

arco 5 5

pp 5 5

pp 5 5

Fl I

Bs I

VL I pizz.

VL II

Vla.

Vc. arco

D.B.

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

243

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

pizz.

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

246

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

pizz.

Vla.

pizz.

Vc.

D.B.

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

249

250

pizz. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

arco 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pizz. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

pizz. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

pizz. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

Fl I

Bs I

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

252

253

pizz. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

arco 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

pp

255

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.
Mrb.
Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

255

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

meno $\text{♩} = 50$

258

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

258

Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

meno $\text{♩} = 50$

258

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

262

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

262
arco

265

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

meno $\text{d} = 40$

269

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Tim.

269

Musical score for measures 269-270. The score includes parts for Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Clarinet I, Clarinet II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II, Horn I, Horn II, Timpani, Marimba, Cymbals, Clarinet, Bassoon, Bassoon, Bassoon, Tambourine, Bassoon, Bassoon, Bassoon, and Triangle. The music is in common time. Measure 269 starts with a rest followed by eighth-note patterns from various instruments. Measure 270 continues with similar patterns, with dynamic markings like *mp*, *p*, and *pp*. Measures 269-270 are labeled with the number 269.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

269

Musical score for measures 269-270. The score includes parts for Marimba, Cymbals, Clarinet, Bassoon, Bassoon, Bassoon, Tambourine, Bassoon, Bassoon, Bassoon, and Triangle. The music is in common time. Measures 269-270 show mostly rests for these instruments.

meno $\text{d} = 40$

269

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

269

Musical score for measures 269-270. The score includes parts for Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass. The music is in common time. Measures 269-270 feature eighth-note patterns from the strings, with dynamics like *pp*, *arco*, *pizz.*, and *arco*.

274

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

Concord.

274
Timp.

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

274
VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

arco
pizz.
5
arco
pizz.
5
arco
pizz.
5

279 **meno** $\text{♩} = 30$

Fl I

Fl II

Ob I

Ob II

Ci I

Ci II

Bs I

BS II

Hn I

Hn II

Con sord.

p

Timp.

This section of the score begins with a rest for most woodwind and brass sections. At measure 279, the horns enter with eighth-note patterns. The bassoon enters at measure 280. The timpani provides rhythmic support throughout the section.

Mrb.

The tuba (Mrb.) enters with sustained notes at the start of measure 279. It continues with a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes through measure 280.

Cym.

Cl.

Cast.

Grd.

Tamb.

W. Ch.

Sl. B.

Tri.

Percussion instruments like Cymbals, Clarinet (Cl.), Castanets (Cast.), Gongs (Grd.), Tambourine (Tamb.), Woodblock (W. Ch.), Snare Drum (Sl. B.), and Triangle (Tri.) provide rhythmic support with sustained notes or eighth-note patterns.

279 **meno** $\text{♩} = 30$

VL I

VL II

Vla.

Vc.

D.B.

arco

pp

The strings begin with eighth-note patterns at the start of measure 279. The violins (VL I and VL II) play eighth-note patterns. The viola (Vla.) and cello (Vc.) play eighth-note patterns. The double bass (D.B.) plays eighth-note patterns. All strings play with a bow (arco) except for the double bass which uses pizzicato (pp).

Tempo I ♩ = 60

283

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II
Timp.

Senza sord.

283

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

mf

mf

mf

283

VL I
VL II
Vla.
Vc.
D.B.

p

ppp arco

ppp

289

Fl I
Fl II
Ob I
Ob II
Cl I
Cl II
Bs I
BS II
Hn I
Hn II

289

Timp. *pp* 3 5

Mrb.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

289

VL I 3 *mf*
VL II 3 *mf*
Vla. 3 *p*
Vc. 3 *p*
D.B.

296

Fl I Fl II Ob I Ob II Cl I Cl II Bs I BS II Hn I Hn II

Mrb.

Musical score for orchestra and organ, page 10, measures 11-12. The score includes parts for Cym., Cl., Cast., Grd., Tamb., W. Ch., Sl. B., and Tri. The vocal parts (W. Ch., Sl. B., Tri.) have lyrics in German. Measure 11 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 12 begins with a forte dynamic.

Cym.
Cl.
Cast.
Grd.
Tamb.
W. Ch.
Sl. B.
Tri.

Musical score for orchestra, page 10, measures 296-297. The score includes parts for VL I, VL II, Vla., Vc., and D.B. Measure 296 starts with rests for VL I, VL II, and Vla. The Vc. and D.B. play eighth-note patterns. Measure 297 begins with rests for VL I, VL II, and Vla. The Vc. and D.B. play eighth-note patterns marked *mf*. The Vla. has a sustained note with a grace note. Measures 298-299 show the strings playing eighth-note patterns marked *mf*, with dynamic markings *ppp* and *ppp* above the staff.